

# Download Label The Quadrants On A Graph

This intersection point is called the origin. Both axes extend from negative infinity to positive infinity, resulting in four possible combinations of (x, y) points in the four respective quadrants. You should use Roman numerals to label your quadrants.

Specify the legend descriptions in the order that you plot the lines. Label the quadrants on a graph. The x and y axis run from 100 to 0 instead of the normal 0 to 100.

The quadrants are labelled starting in the upper right and going counter-clockwise as Q I, Q II, Q III, and Q IV. The quadrants are numbered (usually using Roman Numerals) in the sequence in which they occur for angles in standard position:

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They are labeled quadrants 1-4 (normally using Roman numerals I-IV). Quadrant I is the upper-right quadrant and then it goes like a counter-wise clock. Quadrant II is the upper left, quadrant III is the lower left, and quadrant IV is the lower-right.

The graph allows you to visualize very quickly when each of the variables is positive or negative. For example, on the blue line in this image, both values are negative at the left end of the line.

There are 4 quadrants in a graph. The most used one is the 1st quadrant, which is the top right one. The 2nd quadrant is the one on the left of it.

## Other Files :

[Label The Quadrants On A Graph,](#)